Remarks

Reconsideration and allowance of the subject patent application are respectfully requested.

Applicants acknowledge with appreciation the indication that claims 2 and 4 contain allowable subject matter. Independent claim 1 has been amended to incorporate the subject matter of the claim 2 therein. Consequently, claim 1 and its dependent claim 3 are believed to be allowable. In addition, claims 6-11 have been amended to depend directly or indirectly from allowable claim 1. These dependent claims are likewise believed to be allowable.

Claims 1, 3, 5-9, 11-18, 20 and 21 were rejected under 35 U.S.C. Section 102(e) as allegedly being "anticipated" by Tsukui *et al.* (U.S. Patent No. 6,557,045). Claims 1, 3, 6-9 and 11 are believed to be allowable as noted above. While not acquiescing in this rejection, independent claims 5 and 12 have been canceled without prejudice or disclaimer as a matter of expediency. In addition, claims 13-18 and 20 have been amended to depend from claim 21. As explained below, Applicants respectfully submit that Tsuki et al. does not anticipate claim 21.

Claim 21 is directed to a communication apparatus including a storage section that stores a plurality of partial e-mail addresses. The storage section is configured so that one of the stored partial e-mail addresses can be the same as one or more of the e-mail address parts of another one of the stored partial e-mail addresses. By way of example, not by way of limitation, in the case of an e-mail address of abc@faxmail.co.jp, it is possible to store "co.jp" as a first partial e-mail address and "faxmail.co.jp" as a second partial e-mail address. Thus, the first partial e-mail address "co.jp" is the same as one or more the address parts of the second partial e-mail address "faxmail.co.jp". No such arrangement is disclosed by Tsuki et al.

Tsukui *et al.* discloses an e-mail apparatus in which the domain name and sub-domain name of an e-mail address are input without inputting the individual characters thereof.

Specifically, the apparatus includes a memory that stores a plurality of top domain names and a plurality of sub-domain names in distinct fields, respectively. The user can use separate scroll

Ooi *et al.*Serial No. 09/822,245
Response to Office Action dated July 28, 2005

buttons 703, 704 and 705 to separately designate the top domain name and one or more sub-domain names.

Figure 5 of Tuskui *et al.* shows that the nominal partial e-mail addresses stored in the back-up memory 106 each comprises only one e-mail address part (*i.e.*, user name, sub-domain 1, sub-domain 2, and top domain). In such an arrangement, while "co.jp" may be argued to correspond to a partial e-mail address, there is no disclosure of this partial e-mail address (i.e., "co.jp") being the same as one or parts of some other partial e-mail address. Indeed, because Tsuki et al. stores each e-mail address part separately, it is not possible for "co.jp" to appear as part of some other partial address.

The office action makes reference to Tsuki et al.'s disclosure at col. 5, lines 51-55 of dividing an e-mail address "in at least two, that is the user name and the domain name."

However, such a division by two into user name and domain name would not result in one partial e-mail address being the same as one or more parts of some other partial e-mail address. The further description in the referenced portion of Tsuki et al. of dividing the domain in two is the situation discussed above with reference to Figure 5 and likewise does not result in one partial e-mail address being the same as one or more parts of some other partial e-mail address.

For at least these reasons, Tsukui *et al.* cannot anticipate claim 21 or any of its dependent claims 13-18 and 20.

Claims 10 and 19 were rejected under 35 U.S.C. Section 103(a) as allegedly being "obvious" over Tsuki et al. in view Laiho et al. (U.S. Patent No. 6,151,507). Claim 10 is believed to be allowable because it has been amended to depend from allowable claim 1. Laiho et al. is cited in connection with its disclosure of a communication terminal embodied as a mobile telephone. Laiho et al. does not remedy the deficiencies of Tsuki et al. with respect to claim 21, from which claim 19 depends, and thus the proposed combination of Tsuki et al. and Laiho et al. (even if proper) would not have resulted in the subject matter of claim 19.

Ooi et al.
Serial No. 09/822,245
Response to Office Action dated July 28, 2005

The pending claims are believed to be allowable and favorable office action is respectfully requested.

Respectfully submitted,

NIXON & VANDERHYE P.C.

Ву:

Michael J. Shea

Reg. No. 34,725

MJS:mjs

1100 North Glebe Road, 8th Floor

Arlington, VA 22201-4714 Telephone: (703) 816-4000 Facsimile: (703) 816-4100